comox valley's VitalSigns®

2016

Building Community Vitality





Welcome to the first edition of Comox Valley's Vital Signs report

Vital Signs[®] is a community checkup conducted by community foundations across Canada that measures the vitality of our communities and identifies significant trends in a range of areas critical to quality of life. Vital Signs is coordinated nationally by Community Foundations of Canada and with special thanks to the Toronto Foundation for developing and sharing the Vital Signs concept. For more information visit:

www.vitalsignscanada.ca

BUILDING COMMUNITY VITALITY

- Vitality takes long-term resources for long-term solutions, so working collaboratively with funders, local service agencies and donors ensures vital futures for communities
- Vitality comes from all corners of a community, so investing in the widest possible range of organizations and initiatives is important
- Vitality needs leadership, so community foundations are committed to creative, collaborative approaches to stimulate new ideas, build participation and strengthen community philanthropy.



MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIR

Welcome to the Comox Valley's first Vital Signs report. This report is produced by the Comox Valley Community Foundation in conjunction with its partners: the United Way of Central and Northern Vancouver Island and the Comox Valley Social Planning Society; and its sponsors, the four Rotary Clubs of the Comox Valley, the Comox Valley Record, Comox BIA, First Insurance, Comox Coach and Shuttle, CVRD, and Comox Valley Photographic Society.

Our vision is to present a snapshot of many dimensions of our community supported by two sources: hard statistical data gathered from national, provincial and local sources,

and opinion survey data gathered from a cross section of 1024 residents of the Comox Valley.

Our hope is that this report will be a catalyst in engaging citizens, businesses, institutions, community organizations, and policy-makers in making decisions and taking actions that serve to enhance the quality of life for all residents of the Comox Valley.

While this is our first Vital Signs report for the Comox Valley, the Vital Signs program has been operating in some communities for over a decade or more under the auspices of the Community Foundations of Canada, the umbrella organization of the 191 community foundations across Canada. We anticipate that there will be subsequent Vital Signs reports produced every few years to identify changes in each of ten issue areas.

We hope that you find this report both interesting and useful in your planning and decision-making. Backing up the information given in the report are two supporting documents that may be useful to those wanting to dig a bit deeper into the results. These documents are freely available from the Comox Valley Community Foundation.

We are grateful to all those who contributed to this report including all persons who completed our survey. You are contributing to our community's vitality and each resident's quality of life!

Harry Panjer Chair, 2016 Vital Signs



Dr. Norman Carruthers President, Comox Valley Community Foundation

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Jody Macdonald Project Manager, 2016 Vital Signs



Elizabeth Shannon President, Comox Valley Social Planning Society



Lindsay McGinn Community Impact Officer, North Island, United Way Central and Northern Vancouver Island

How to read this report

- 1 **ISSUE AREAS:** This report covers ten issue areas that should be considered when assessing the overall health and vitality of a community.
- 2 RESEARCH FINDINGS*: The statistics were collected with the assistance of Community Foundations of Canada and SPARC BC. Reliable sources such as Statistics Canada were used with an emphasis on the most current and geographically specific data possible. Existing data from a variety of local, provincial and national sources were also used.
- 3 COMMUNITY VOICES*: During the months of May and June, 1024 citizens from Comox Valley completed an online survey on their perceived quality of life. The idea was to capture a wide variety of peoples' opinions regarding key quality of life issues and priorities for action within the region. The top priorities are survey respondents' most commonly reported priorities for each issue. Survey results are also displayed on a scale from -10 to 10. These were based on agree/disagreetype statements, converted to the following numerical scores: Strongly Disagree (-10 points), Disagree (-5 points), Neutral (0 points), Agree (+5 points), Strongly Agree (+10 points). Economic comfort levels were determined by respondents indicating if they always (high), sometimes (medium) or never (low) generally have enough money to buy the things needed to live well.
 - * Sources and detailed statistical and survey data reports can be found online at cvcfoundation.org.

How to use this report

START CONVERSATIONS: Use the information in this report to talk about what's behind the data and what people are experiencing in our community.

ACT & SUPPORT: If you are moved by what you read, think of ways that you can participate. There are numerous organizations in our community working to improve it that could benefit from your participation and/or financial support.

CONTACT US: We know the issues and organizations in our community. If you are looking for ways to make a difference, we can help.

REQUEST A SPEAKER: If you want to learn more about Comox Valley's Vital Signs, contact us to arrange a presentation for your group or organization.

FIND OUT MORE: Learn more about the many organizations in our community working to improve it, and ask how you can help, too.

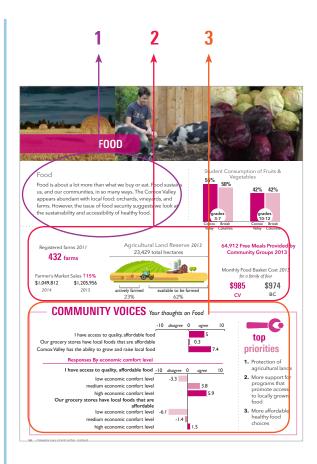


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COMMUNITY PROFILE

K'ómoks First Nation History

Comox is an Anglicization of K'ómoks, which is derived from the Kwakw'ala term, kw'umalha, meaning "plentiful, rich, or wealthy". The K'ómoks First Nation have inhabited central Vancouver Island from the height of the mountains to the Eastern coastline and adjacent islands in the Salish Sea since time immemorial. K'ómoks First Nation members are Kwakwaka'wakw and Northern Coast Salish people and their language and spiritual practices are tied to the lands, waters, and resources that are found in the K'ómoks area.

The lives of KFN people have changed dramatically from pre-contact times to the present. The quality of KFN people's lives has varied dramatically through time as well. In terms of diet and health, in pre-contact times KFN diet was varied and nutritious; obesity and diabetes—major health concerns among modern Aboriginal populations—were probably unknown. Most diseases we know today—measles, flu, mumps, chicken pox, etcetera—did not exist in the Americas prior to contact, and they would have been entirely unknown to pre-contact KFN people. On the other hand, during pre-contact times, long term exposure to smoky fires in the past would have caused respiratory and sight problems.

In terms of personal security, in pre-contact times levels of interpersonal violence were high, while now KFN people live in one of the safest places and times in human history. In terms of personal satisfaction with life, in pre-contact times a wide range of social roles or specializations were open to most KFN people. KFN territory abounded with resources, and people could live comfortable lives become respected largely through their own hard work and achievement. In modern times there is a similarly broad range of roles and specializations that KFN people can train and excel in. However, Aboriginal people in Canada have an extraordinarily high rate of suicide, partially reflecting the social dislocation Aboriginal people experience being caught between modern and traditional social and cultural systems.

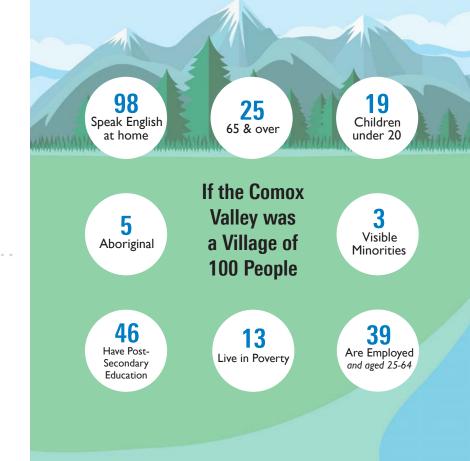
The very concept of a quality of life would have varied greatly in the past compared to modern day. And depending on which attribute one considers, that quality of life may have improved, deteriorated or remained similar. –Jesse Morin PhD, Archaeologist, Ethno-historian, Heritage Consultant



K'ómoks First Nation members: 331 Residing on reserve: 92 Elders 55 and over: 34 Youth 18 and under: 18

The Comox Valley

The Comox Valley is a region on the east coast of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, that includes the City of Courtenay, the town of Comox, the village of Cumberland, the K'ómoks First Nation, Denman and Hornby islands, and the unincorporated settlements of Royston, Union Bay, Fanny Bay, Black Creek and Merville.



1,314	8,799
Comox Valley	BC
Crime Severity I	ndex
A4	

Crime Rate per 100,000 2015

Median family income 2013

\$74,150

BC

0 700

\$72,600

Comox Valley

Measures frequency and severity of crimes. More serious crimes are assigned higher weights and have a greater impact on changes in the index.

Comox Municipal **32.8** Comox Valley Rural **36.6** Courtenay Municipality **91.6** British Columbia **94.7**

Population Projections

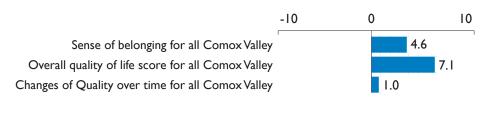
	2016 population projection	2036 population projection	change
Total	66,135	81,219	l 5,084 (23%)
Children & Youth (0-19)	12,246	15,529	3,283 (27%)
Seniors (65+)	16,638	22,759	6,121 (37%)

MEDIAN AGE

Comox Valley	48.3
Comox	49. I
Courtenay	46.5
Cumberland	38.2
Area A	53.9
Area B	50.I
Area C	48. I

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on the Comox Valley

"I love living in the Comox Valley." – [Electoral Area B resident]



TOP **5** DETERMINANTS OF A GOOD COMMUNITY:

- 1. environment
- 2. health and wellness
- 3. arts, culture & recreation
- 4. the economy and work
- **5.** cost of living

ARTS, CULTURE & RECREATION

Arts, Culture & Recreation

The experience of arts, culture and recreation is important to the well-being of individuals and the larger community. Arts, culture and recreation impact our local economy and tourism, as well as our health, well-being and sense of belonging. Cultural capital can be defined as the myriad of relationships, activities, artistic expressions and social/cultural events that contribute to the diversity and richness of community life. Visits to Museums and Galleries 2015

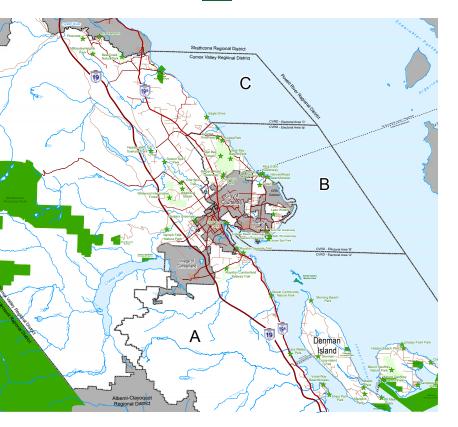
TART DOWNTOWN FINISH



75,591 visits up from 71,864 visits in 2014

📌 CVRD Parks

Provincial Parks



Library Items circulated 2015



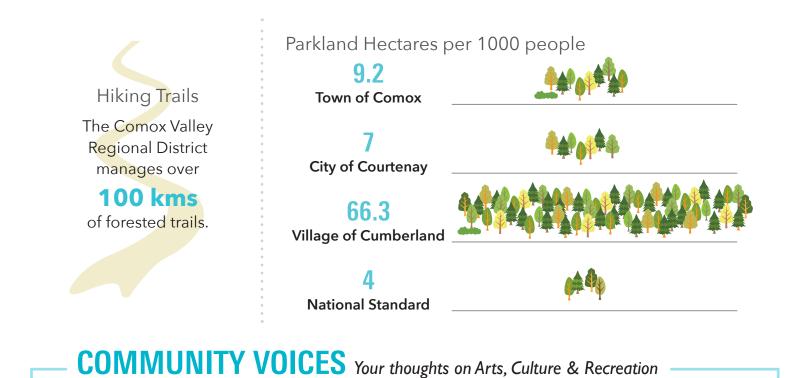
12.2 per resident Comox Valley

6.5 per resident Vancouver Island

Library Program attendance per 1000 residents

133 Comox Valley

133.7 Vancouver Island



"More innovative ways of encouraging participation in art and sports programs at low cost [are needed]." – [Cumberland resident]

There is an adequate supply of sports and recreation There is adequate availability of outdoor recreation options I have plenty of access to arts and cultural activities Sports and recreation opportunities are affordable	[disagree	0	agree 5	6.0	top priorities
Responses by economic comfort level I have plenty of access to arts and cultural activities	-10	disagree	0	agree	10	 Expansion of parks & trails More
low economic comfort level medium economic comfort level high economic comfort level				2.9 5.2 5		affordable sports & recreation programs
Sports and recreation opportunities are affordable low economic comfort level medium economic comfort level high economic comfort level		-3.3		1.3		3. More festivals & community celebrations

RECREATION FACILITIES & SPACES MOST COMMONLY ACCESSED BY SURVEY RESPONDENTS

- 1. Local beaches
- 2. CVRD Trails (Goose Spit, Seal Bay, Nymph Falls, Grassy Point, etc.)
- 3. Municipal Parks and Playgrounds
- 4. Provincial Parks (Strathcona, Kitty Coleman, Helliwell, etc.)

ECONOMY & WORK

Economy & Work

A healthy economy is the engine of prosperity. Quality of life, in all its aspects, is greater for all residents when the economy is strong. Businesses and residents have greater resiliency when the economy is robust and vibrant. Every community desires to be a location where people want to live, engage in meaningful work, and pursue their passions.



Airport Traffic # of YQQ passengers

2015

318,830 351,530 2014

Labour Force Participation Rate (25-54 years old) 2013

> **87% Comox Valley**

85% **British Columbia**

Building Permits (millions of \$)				
	2014	2015	% change	
Comox Valley	\$122.8	\$147.3	1 20 %	
BC	\$11,076.7	\$13,125.2	↑ 9 %	

Top five industries

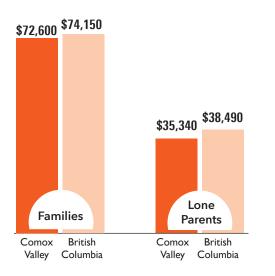
- Retail trade (14.3%)
- 2 Health care & social assistance (12.8%)
 - **3** Public administration (9.6%)
 - 4 Construction (8.5%)
 - 5 Educational services (7.8%)





 Using the most current data available about differences in annual earnings for men and women, we can see that income disparity between genders is pronounced in the Comox Valley. A gap of **\$10,841** in annual earnings translates into an overall earning difference of \$271,025 over a 25 year time frame-placing female workers at a significant income disadvantage when compared to their male counterparts.

Median family income 2013

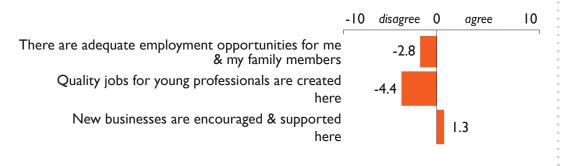


"Comox Valley residents earn less income when compared to the provincial median income. Moreover, finding employment can be a challenge in the Comox Valley–the unemployment rate for Comox Valley residents was higher than for British Columbia residents in both 2006 and 2011, with the rate increasing a considerable amount over that time period. These factors combined warrant ongoing efforts to build an economy that is more inclusive and equitable." – Scott Graham, Associate Executive Director, SPARC BC

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Economy & Work

"The few and far between full-time, year-round jobs with a livable wage tell the whole story" – [Comox resident]

"Sustainable, environmentally friendly opportunities, not just any new business for sake of creating jobs" – [Courtenay resident]



WHERE SURVEY RESPONDENTS WORK

- 40% work within Comox Valley
- 31% not applicable (retired, etc.)
- 13% work in another island community
- 8% work off island, in BC
- 8% work out of province/country

top priorities

- **1.** More full-time, year-round jobs
- 2. More middle to high wage opportunities
- **3.** More support for new businesses to open here

COMOX VALLEY'S VITAL SIGNS 7

ENVIRONMENT & SUSTAINABILITY

Environment & Sustainability

We depend on, and are stewards of the natural environment. It provides the essentials of life, inspires us, and is critical to our health and vitality. It is important to take the necessary steps to protect, preserve and appreciate our urban, rural and natural surroundings.



	Como 2014	x Valley 2015	Provincial Objective
Daily (based on 98th percentile)	30.6	36.5	25
Annual	9.0	8.6	8
	Level (µg/m3)		

Greenhouse Gas Emission Sources 2010 15% Solid Waste 58% On Road 27% Transportation Buildings More Solid Waste is Diverted from Landfill 48% 51% 52% 52% 54% 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

"There is no safe limit of air pollution. PM_{2.5} especially in large spikes, can have immediate effects on someone's health. However, the major impact of ongoing exposure to PM_{2.5}, even in low doses, is its contribution to the progression of chronic diseases. The goal with monitoring pollutants such as PM_{2.5} is to ensure the pollutants are kept as low as is reasonable. Any improvements in air quality will result in reduced health impacts, especially for cardiovascular and lung health." – Dr. Charmaine Enns, Medical Health Officer

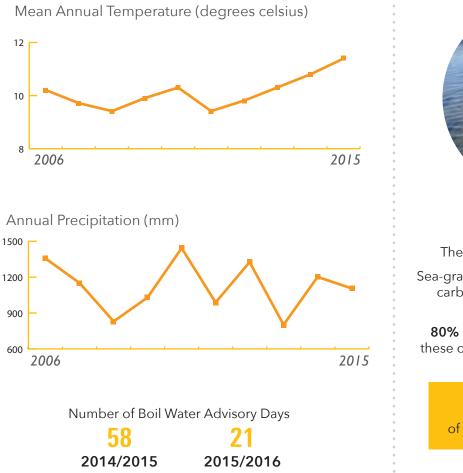
FUN FACT: The Village of Cumberland started billing for actual water usage in the Spring of 2014. Water demands, both average day and maximum day, have significantly decreased over the past 10 years. In 2015, both the average day and maximum day demands were less than 60% of the demand in 2005. This reduction occurred even as the Village's population grew by an estimated 30%.

(litres per capit	
2011 528	
2012 535	_
2013 496	_

50 I

2014

//





K'ómoks Estuary

The **2nd** most valuable estuary in BC.

Sea-grass ecosystems are globally significant carbon sinks, an important method for mitigating climate change.

80% of recreationally-caught fish rely on these ocean nurseries at some point in their life cycle.

Project Watershed has restored nearly **6,000 m²** of sub-tidal and intertidal eelgrass.

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Environment & Sustainability

"Water. Protecting waterways, water conservation and improved drinking water quality are all connected and vital" – [Comox resident]

"I love it here but have serious misgivings raising my family here when from October to May the air quality in Cumberland can be toxic" – [Cumberland resident]

	-10	disagree	0	agree	10
There is good air quality in the Comox Valley*	I			2.1	I
There is good drinking water in the Comox Valley				.5	
There are good supports for water conservation efforts				0.4	
There are good waste management and recycling services				2.6	
There is an environmentally responsible sewage system			0.	0	
I have a responsibility to protect the natural environment					7.6

*Cumberland residents scored -3.0 on perceptions of air quality



- Improved health & protection of local rivers, streams & lakes
- 2. Improved drinking water quality
- **3.** Options for alternative energy

GAP BETWEEN RICH & POOR

Gap Between Rich & Poor

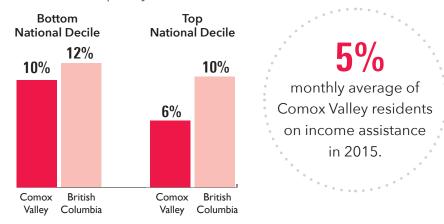
When there is a large gap between the rich and poor in our community, we are all affected. When all citizens, especially the most vulnerable, have adequate resources to ensure that their basic needs are met, then individuals, families, and communities are more healthy and resilient.

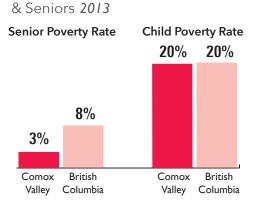
13% 16% Comox Valley British Columbia

Poverty Rate among Children

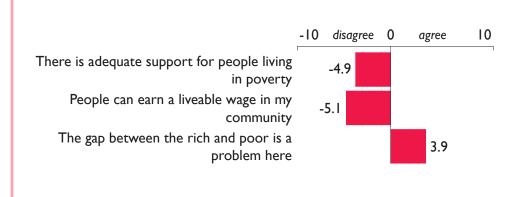
Overall Poverty Rate 2013

Income Inequality 2010





COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on the Gap Between Rich & Poor





- 1. More affordable housing
- 2. More job creation initiatives
- **3.** Supports to transition from poverty to workforce
- 4. Higher minimum wage

GETTING AROUND & TRANSPORTATION

Getting Around & Transportation

A wide variety of accessible and affordable transportation options is necessary to properly support the diversity, health, economy and environmental sustainability of our community.

Sustainable Transportation of **Employed Commuters** (Transit, Walking or Biking)

Island

11% **Comox Valley** Regional District

20% 21% Vancouver

British Columbia

Elementary school student transportation & proximity to school



3% who live within 1.6 km are driven to school (the nationally socially accepted distance for active travel)

City of Courtenay 2.9 km of bike lanes Town of Comox 7.3 km of bike lanes

Conventional Bus System

585,826 595,857 2014/2015 2015/2016 ↓-2% change

HandyDART ridership 29,526 36.062 2014 2015 ↓ -18% change 335 unmet trip requests 2015/16

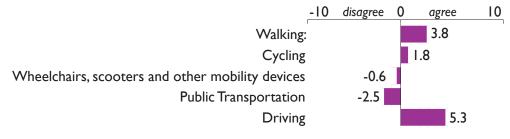
Comox Valley Bike to School / Work Week 2016 - 570 persons biked to school or work, totalling 23,560 kms

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Getting Around & Transportation

"Hornby and Denman Islands need across island transportation" - [Electoral Area A resident]

"Redesigned streets for safe multi use" – [Cumberland resident]

Our community has adequate infrastructure for accessing my daily needs by:



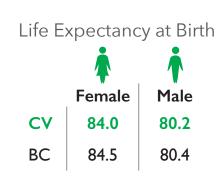


- **1.** More frequent bus runs
- 2. Improved cycling network and facilities
- 3. Improved transportation services for individuals with limited mobility

HEALTH & WELLNESS

Health & Wellness

Good physical and mental health are vitally linked to, and affected by virtually all the issues raised in the Comox Valley's Vital Signs report. Adequate income, stable and appropriate housing, a safe and walkable neighbourhood, strong social networks, and a high level of education all enhance the health of our community members. The absence of some or all of those factors contributes to the likelihood of a community resident experiencing, for example, diabetes, depression, or obesity.



Net New Family Physicians 2015/2016 General Practitioners & Specialists per 100,000 people

	General practitioners	Specialists
Comox Valley	159	92
Vancouver Island	155	105
British Columbia	119	103

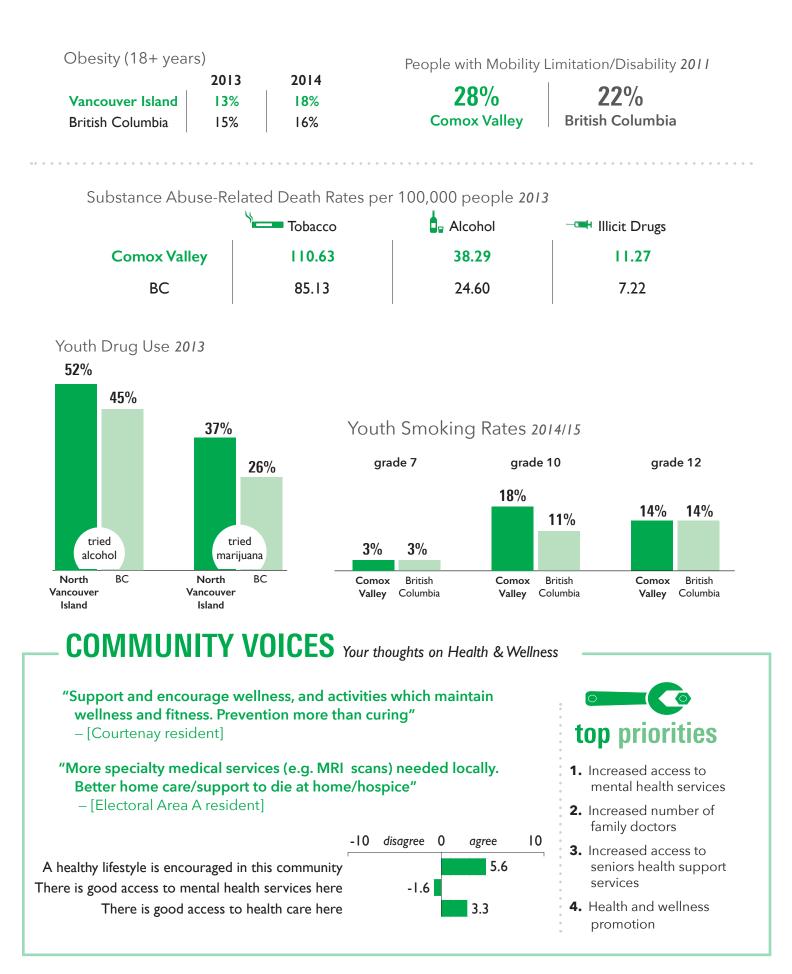
1 in 4 Have Depression or Anxiety in the Comox Valley

Prevalence of Chronic Diseases per 1,000 people 2012 & 2013

Comox Valley	
Depression/Anxiety	250.9
Hypertension	177.6
Asthma	117.6
Osteoarthritis	60.7
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	59.4

British Columbia

.9	Depression/Anxiety	213.2
.6	Hypertension	184.9
.6	Asthma	105.3
).7	Osteoarthritis	62.1
9.4	Diabetes	60.0





Housing

Communities with housing options that meet the diverse needs of their residents are more inclusive, economically competitive and vibrant.

"Access to safe, affordable housing is a challenge, particularly for vulnerable youth transitioning to adulthood." –Doug Hillian, City of Courtenay Councillor

Results from surveys with 157 homeless in the Comox Valley (2016) reveal that homelessness starts at a young age: 31% became homeless under the age of 27 and 26% of respondents had been in the foster care system.

Shelters				Extreme Wea	ther Respo	onse Shelter	r Usage
Emergency S	helters 2015	Lilli House	2015		2014/15	2015/16	% change
Bed Nights	5,471	Bed Nights	4,243	Female	47	37	-21%
Males	489	Women	245	Male	120	160	33%
Females	215	Children	68	Total beds	167	197	18%
Turnaways	890	Crisis Calls	1,456	Days in effect	40	76	90%

Housing Continuum

29	0	79	629	198
Emergency	Supportive	Transitional	Subsidized	Low Cost
Shelters Beds	Housing Units	Housing Units	Housing Units	Rental Units

Housing Starts

	2014	2015	% Change
Single	168	161	-4.2%
Semi-Detached	28	40	43%
Row	12	40	233%
Apartment	31	133	329%
All	239	374	57%

% Change in Housing Starts

57%	34%
Comox	Vancouver
Valley	Island Urban
	Areas

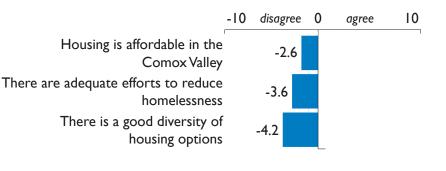
12% British Columbia

Rental Vacancy Rate

Campbell F 2.8%		Comox Valley 0.5%		anaimo 2.2%		toria 7%
	Benc	hmark Housin	g Cost		Median R	ents 2015
Campbell River	2015	2016	\$ change	% change	One bedroom	Two bedroom
Single Detached Apartments	\$283,300 \$168,700	\$291,900 \$172,900	\$8,600 \$4,200	3.0% 2.5%	\$653	\$770
Comox Valley Single Detached Apartments	\$334,000 \$192,000	\$364,400 \$193,500	\$30,400 \$1,500	9.1% 0.8%	\$665	\$775
Nanaimo Single Detached Apartments	\$350,400 \$206,300	\$402,100 \$219,100	\$51,700 \$12,800	15% 6.2%	\$725	\$835
Victoria Single Detached Apartments	\$508,400 \$298,900	\$593,700 \$342,200	\$85,300 \$43,300	17% 15%	\$850	\$1,095

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Housing

"Multiple avenues of support will be necessary to solving the housing problem" – [Electoral Area A resident]





- **1.** More affordable housing units
- 2. Increased efforts to reduce homelessness in the Comox Valley
- **3.** Increased number of secondary suites

LEADERSHIP, CIVIC ENGAGEMENT & BELONGING

Leadership, Civic Engagement & Belonging

Vibrant communities are those where residents are engaged and feel that they belong, where civic institutions reflect the diversity of the population, and where strong social connections unite people to one another and to their neighbourhoods. Tracking these indicators helps us to see how well we are doing at building an inclusive community, and where some residents are being left on the margins.



Taxfiler Charitable Donations 2013

Comox Valley		
22%		
made donations		

British Columbia 21% made donations

median donation

\$400 median donation

Local Election Voter Turnout 2014

31% City of Courtenay 41% Town of Comox

41% Village of Cumberland

64%

57% British Columbia

76% Courtenay - Alberni

70% British Columbia

Federal Election 2015

Female Elected Leaders (Councillors, Chief and Mayors)

Comox

Valley

Provincial Election 2013

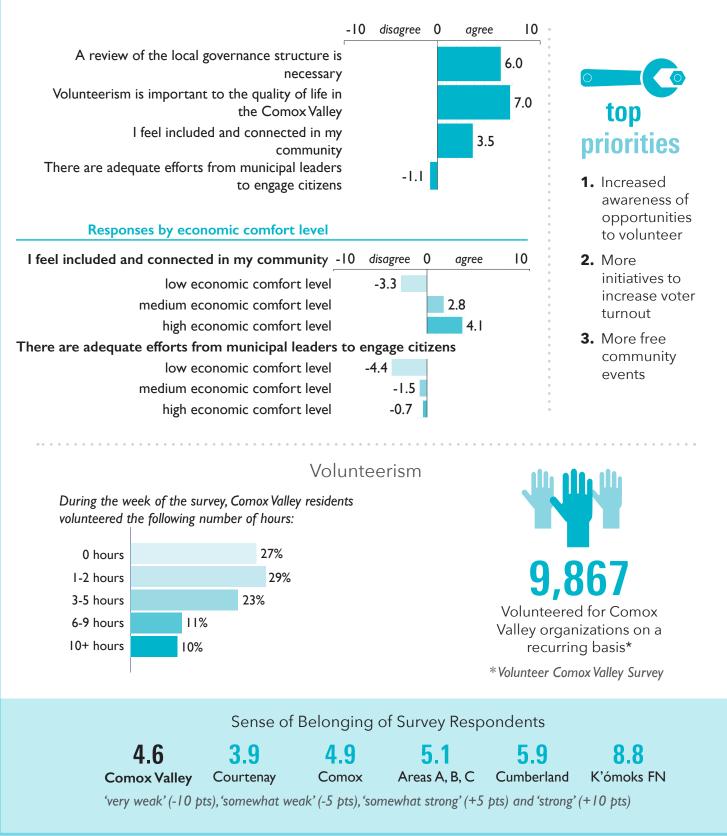
	female leaders	total leaders	% female leaders
K'ómoks First Nat	ion 2	4	50%
Town of Comox	3	7	43%
Village of Cumberl	and 3	5	60%
City of Courtenay	I	7	14%
Areas A, B, C	0	3	0%
School District 71	3	7	43%
Total Comox Vall	ey I2	33	36%



COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Leadership, Civic Engagement & Belonging

"More engagement by government in listening to community" - [Electoral Area B resident]

"More integrated civic administration" - [Comox resident]



EDUCATION & LIFELONG LEARNING

Education & Lifelong Learning

As we prepare the next generation for their future in a knowledgebased economy, it is our shared responsibility to improve opportunities for all students and learners in our community. Successful communities offer residents abundant, affordable and flexible opportunities for learning at school, work, or in the community.

Young Children Are More Vulnerable 2011-13

The Early Development Instrument (EDI) measures the vulnerability of children at kindergarten entry in five areas known to be good predictors of adult health, education and social outcomes.

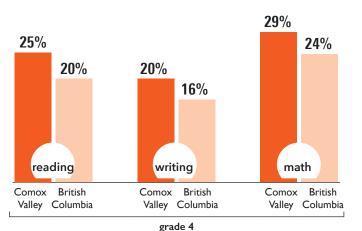
Type of Vulnerability	Comox Valley SD71	BC
Physical	20%	16%
Social	22%	16%
Emotional	I 9 %	15%
Language	10%	9%
Communication	15%	14%
One or More Areas	38%	33%

School Enrollment 8,188
304
Public
Private
School
Change from 2014/15 to 2015/16
4-4.7%
111.8%

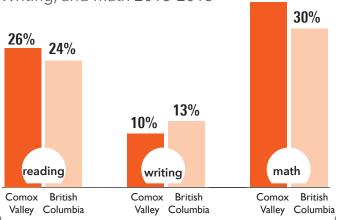
"The first years of life are the most critical in determining our life chances. At present, nearly 40% of children in the Comox Valley enter kindergarten behind where we would want them to be in their development. This early vulnerability rate has steadily increased over the last decade and means that these children will be more likely to require support in school and into adulthood."

– Joanne Schroeder, Comox Valley Child Development Association

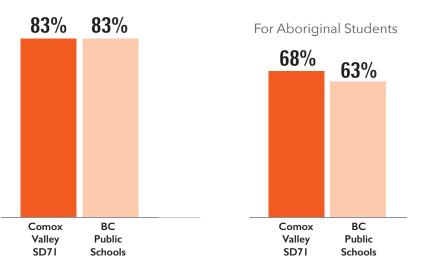
35%



Test Results **Not** Meeting Expectation for Reading, Writing, and Math 2013-2015



High School Completion Rate 2014/2015



Fun Fact:

In 2016, the Comox Valley Community Foundation awarded \$10,000 of Professional Development Grants to seven local charitable organizations.

North Island College

Full-time enroll Comox Valley ca 2014/2015			Student satisfaction with education*	Student assessment of the quality of instruction*
Domestic	1,127	Former diploma, associate degree & certificate students	92%	94%
International	211	Apprenticeship graduates	94%	96%
Total	1,339	Bachelor degree graduates	95%	95% * assessed 2015/2016

COMMUNITY VOICES Your thoughts on Education & Lifelong Learning

"We are a new family to the Comox Valley....we are struggling with the quality of the education system offered here and that is a top priority for us." – [Courtenay resident]

	-10	disagree	0	agree	10
There is high quality public education (K-12) in our community				1.1	
There is adequate support for literacy in the Comox Valley				3.0	
There is adequate support of early years education opportunities				2.6	
There are adequate opportunities for learning beyond high school				3.1	
There are adequate professional development opportunities here		-1.4			

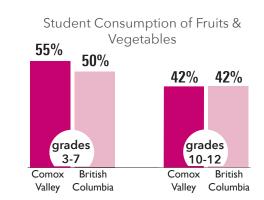


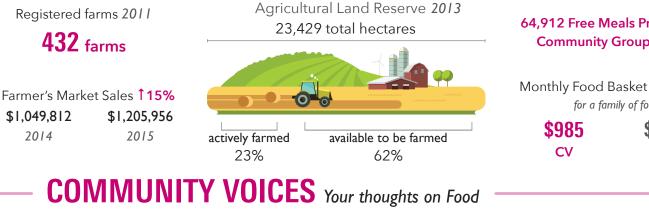
- **1.** Increased funding to the public education system
- 2. Increased on-the-job training opportunities
- **3.** More education programs for at-risk populations
- **4.** Additional degree options in post-secondary study

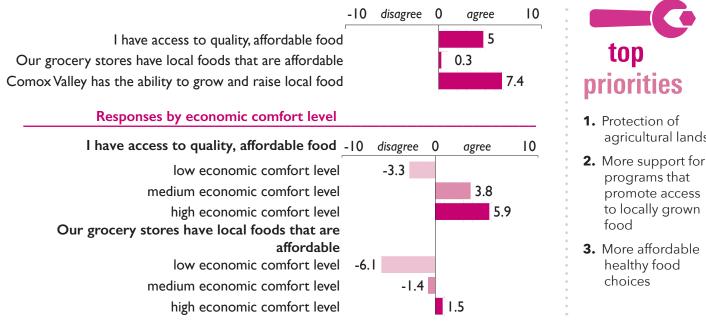


Food

Food is about a lot more than what we buy or eat. Food sustains us, and our communities, in so many ways. The Comox Valley appears abundant with local food: orchards, vineyards, and farms. However, the issue of food security suggests we look at the sustainability and accessibility of healthy food.







64,912 Free Meals Provided by **Community Groups 2013**

Monthly Food Basket Cost 2015 for a family of four

985	\$974
CV	BC

top

agricultural lands

programs that

healthy food choices

food

promote access to locally grown

Acknowledgments

Thank you for taking the time to read this report. Thank you to all of the survey respondents, community agencies that provided local data, and numerous volunteers who participated in the creation of this report by offering their time, opinions, expertise, and photos. You are deeply appreciated.

Community Partners





United Way Central & Northern Vancouver Island



The Comox Valley Community Foundation (CVCF) works with donors to support the causes important to them through gifts now and/or in their wills. Endowment funds are permanently invested for long-term growth. Over the past 20 years, CVCF assets have grown to over \$11 million. The CVCF has granted more than \$1.75 million to charities and in scholarships within the Comox Valley.

United Way Central and Northern Vancouver Island is pleased to be a partner of the Comox Valley Vial Signs. Our mission is to improve lives and build community by engaging individuals and mobilizing collective action in our local Vancouver Island communities. United Way builds a strong network of social services and programs for our communities' most vulnerable people. Information gathered throughout the Vital Signs on a wide variety of local issues will help us better identify, create, and fund solutions that make true and lasting change.

Founded in 1996, the Comox Valley Social Planning Society is a collaborative group formed to address social issues, and to support community initiatives that improve quality of life in the Comox Valley. Over the years, we have published Quality of Life reports in 2002, 2004, 2009 and most recently 2014.

This report has been made possible by in-kind expertise donations and/or financial contributions from:



"The four Rotary Clubs of the Comox Valley are pleased to serve as a major sponsor of this first Vital Signs for the Comox Valley. Our expectation is that the Rotary clubs, as well as other service clubs and funding organizations, will use this report in making decisions about how to use their funds most wisely in enhancing the overall quality of life in the Comox Valley."

-Robert Buckley, Assistant District Governor



The Comox Valley Community Foundation is committed to improving the quality of life in our community today and for generations to come. We enable donors to create philanthropic legacies that will benefit the Comox Valley and its people now and in the future. We inspire giving, care for the assets entrusted to us, and invest in people, ideas and activities that strengthen our community.



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